

ABOUT THE N-HEP

These National Hepatitis Elimination Profiles (N-HEP) s bring together data on each country's epidemiological burden, status of program delivery, and policy environment. Working with local partners, the profiles break down the essential components of effective public health initiatives and highlight achievements, challenges, and innovations for the 30 countries included. The N-HEPs serve as advocacy tools for catalyzing policy development and resource mobilization in pursuit of the 2030 hepatitis elimination goals.

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- **NEXT STEPS TOWARD ELIMINATION**



AT A GLANCE:

HBV

HCV YES YES

National Plan

Flimination Goal

2030

2030

HEPATITIS

HepB Birth Dose Coverage

84.2%

Number of needles/syringes per PWID per year

BURDEN OF DISEASE

Prevalence of HBsAg

Prevalence of chronic HCV

3.89%

1.39%

Deaths per 100,000

Deaths per 100,000

8.72

12.7

OVERVIEW OF POLICY ENVIRONMENT

- A national viral hepatitis action plan was developed for 2020-2024
- A national HCV diagnosis and treatment web-based monitoring dashboard has been established

NOTABLE ACHIEVEMENT:

- In 2021, over 2.9 M pregnant women were screened for HBsAg
- In 2021, the national HCV treatment program was expanded to 19 provinces, involving 41 public sector hospitals

CHALLENGES:

- Access to point-of-care and PCR testing varies across the country
- Hepatitis funding remains limited

KEY NEXT STEPS.

- Expand access to screening and treatment
- Ensure access to antiviral prophylaxis for pregnant persons living with HBV

OVERVIEW

HEALTH BURDEN

PROGRESS

OVERVIEW

HBV ACTION PLAN



YES: Indonesia published their national policy on Viral Hepatitis in 2020

View their action plan online ↗

HCV ACTION PLAN



YES: Indonesia published their national policy on Viral Hepatitis in 2020

View their action plan online ↗

HBV Elimination Goal ¹⁸

Yes

HBV Elimination of Maternal to Child Transmission Goal ¹⁸

Yes

HCV Elimination Goal 18

Yes





7.1%

Prevalence of chronic HBV, 2013 $\frac{3}{2}$

Based on national survey in 33 provinces in 2013

3.89%

(3.43 - 4.36)%

Prevalence of chronic HBV, 2019 ¹

Modelled estimate

1%

Prevalence of chronic HCV, 2013 3

Based on national survey in 33 provinces in 2013

1.39%

(1.12 - 1.70)%

Prevalence of chronic HCV, 2019 ¹

Modelled estimate



NO DATA

New HBV infections per 100,000, 2018

0.05 - 3.37

New HCV infections per 100,000, 2018 ²



22,614

(18,419 - 27,519)

HBV-related deaths, 2019 1 Modelled

8.72 (7.10 - 10.60)

Deaths per 100,000, 2019 ¹

32,869

(26,846 - 39,132)

HCV-related deaths, 2019 1

12.7 (10.30 - 15.10)

Deaths per 100,000, 2019 ¹

PROGRESS TOWARDS 2020 WHO ELIMINATION GOALS

PREVENTION OF NEW INFECTIONS AND MORTALITY

*calculated from IHME data from CGHE dashboard

HBV Percentage change in new infections

Percentage change in deaths, 2015-2019 ¹

WHO 2020 Target -10%

HCV Percentage change in new infections

Percentage change in deaths, 2015-2019 1



WHO 2020 Target -10%

Prevalence of HBsAg in children < 5 years (%)3

SDG 2020 Target 1%

ACCESS TO RECOMMENDED VACCINATION



84.2% Hepatitis B vaccination coverage for newborns, 2021 §

79.7% HepB 3 dose vaccine coverage for infants, 2021 6

ACCESS TO RECOMMENDED TESTING



NO DATA

Proportion of persons living with **HBV** diagnosed, 2021

An estimated 21.7% of persons in key groups (pregnant women, blood donors, health care workers) have been screened to date 16



42.2% Proportion of persons living with **HCV** diagnosed, 2021 22

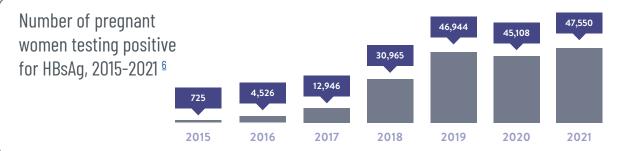
2 (1-2)

For persons who inject drugs (PWID), number of sterile needles per year, 2014-2021 12.13

WHO 2020 Target 200

Number of pregnant women tested for HBsAq, 2015-2021 6

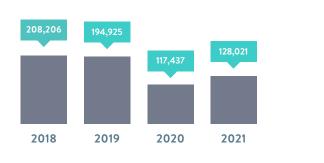




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ACCESS TO RECOMMENDED TESTING

Number of people tested for **HCV**, 2018-2021 22

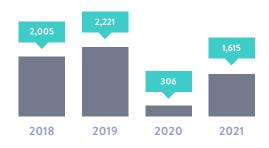


ACCESS TO RECOMMENDED TREATMENT

Of 8,886 persons who tested positive for HCV RNA, 2,399 (43.4%) were cured among 5,529 patients who completed treatment

72% Proportion of persons diagnosed with **HCV** who have initiated HCV treatment and have been cured, 2017-2021 22

Number of persons treated for **HCV**, 2018-2021 22



5%

HBV

Proportion of diagnosed HBV persons receiving appropriate treatment, 2019 ⁷

The estimated number of eligible people for treatment is difficult

OVERVIEW

POLICY ENVIRONMENT FOR THE ELIMINATION OF HEPATITIS

STRATEGIC INFORMATION	Status	Notes
Routine official reports to monitor HBV and HCV §		
Mortality	Partially Adopted	Nationwide Hospital Information System (SIRS) collects information on cause of death but this data has not been
Incidence	Not Adopted	published and are not available publicly.
Prevalence	Partially Adopted	National Basic Health Survey conducted in 2013 ³
Estimates of HBV and/or HCV economic burden ¹⁰	Partially Adopted	Only for HepC
Monitoring of HBV and HCV diagnosis and treatment	Partially Adopted	Data for HepC is available from the Sistem Informasi for Hepatitis C (http://sihepi.kemkes.go.id/hepc/) while HBV testing and treatment data is collected via the SIRS. HBV testing data among pregnant women is tracked here: http://sihepi.kemkes.go.id/dashboard_hepb.

PREVENTION OF MOTHER TO CHILDREN TRANSMISSION

Status Notes

Policy for hepatitis B vaccination of newborns 26

Adopted Introduced in 2016

Recommendations for:

HBV testing of pregnant women ⁷

HCV testing of pregnant women ¹²

Adopted

Not Adopted

ACCESS AND REGISTRATION OF MEDICINES AND TESTS

Registration of orginator DAAs 12 Adopted

Eligible for generic DAAs 14 Adopted

Licensed point-of-care PCR testing to detect HBV and HCV 15

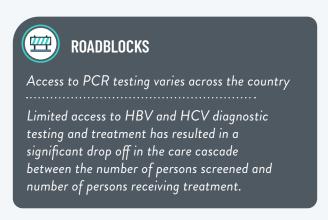
PROGRESS POLICY ENVIRONMENT NEXT STEPS

Notes

Notes

For HCV, the Cepheid Xpert® HCV Viral Load tests are available in some locations

LEARN MORE ABOUT INDONESIA'S WORK IN ACCESS AND REGISTRATION OF MEDICINES AND TESTS:



TESTING TO DIAGNOSE Status Notes **HBV AND HCV INFECTION** Testing recommendations for: Routine screening for pregnant women, blood HBV: Risk-based 18 donors, health workers, and medical students Universal screening conducted **HBV**: Universal 18 by many employers Routine screening for key populations, HCV: Risk-based 18 blood donors, hemodialysis patients, PWID, PLHIV, and prisoners **HCV**: Universal **Not Adopted** No patient co-pays for HBsAg The program only covers priority populations, e.g. pregnant women, and anti-HCV testing 16 key populations, and PLHIV **ACCESS TO HBV AND** Status Notes **HCV TREATMENT HBV:** National treatment Developed guidelines 18 **HBV:** Simplified care: **Adopted** No patient co-pays for treatment 8 **HCV**: National treatment Developed guidelines 18

POLICY ENVIRONMENT



POLICY ENVIRONMENT HCV: Simplified care algorithm: Less than 2 clinic visits **Not Adopted** Patients are monitored monthly during treatment ²⁴ **HCV**: Simplified care algorithm: **Not Adopted** Non-specialists can prescribe treatment 8 **HCV**: Simplified care: DAAs not covered under No patient co-pays for treatment 8 National Health Insurance No fibrosis restrictions 8 **Not Adopted** No sobriety restrictions **Adopted** No genotyping 16 **Adopted**

LEARN MORE ABOUT INDONESIA'S WORK IN ACCESS TO HBV AND HCV TREATMENT:



OVERVIEW HEALTH BURDEN PROGRESS POLICY ENVIRONMENT NEXT STEPS

HEALTH EQUITY AND ADDRESSING DISPARITIES	Status	Notes
National strategy addresses populations most affected ¹⁸	Adopted	
National anti-discrimination laws against persons living with hepatitis B and/or C ^{18,25}	Partially Adopted	Indonesia's Action Plan emphasizes providing quality hepatitis services without stigma and discrimination; Companies/ agencies are not recommended to perform HBsAg test as part of worker selection
National policy for adult hepatitis B vaccination ¹⁸	Adopted	Vaccination policy exists for high-risk and vulnerable populations (health workers, health students, families or people who live in the same house as people with HBV)
National policy for:		
Harm reduction for persons who inject drugs (PWID) 11	Developed	
Syringe exchange in federal prisons ¹¹	Not Adopted	
Number of needles/syringes per PWID per year, 2014-2021 ^{12,13}	2 (1 - 2)	WHO 2020 Target 200
Coverage of opioid substitution therapy, 2021 ¹³	1.6%	
Decriminalization of possession of syringes & paraphernalia ¹¹	Not Adopted	
Decriminalization of drug use ¹²	Not Adopted	
Decriminalization of hepatitis infection ²¹	Adopted	

OVERVIEW HEALTH BURDEN PROGRESS POLICY ENVIRONMENT NEXT STEPS

LEARN MORE ABOUT INDONESIA'S WORK IN HEALTH EQUITY AND ADDRESSING DISPARITIES:



INNOVATIONS

In 2019, a program was launched to eliminate HCV in Jakarta prisons



ACHIEVEMENTS

In 2022, the hepatitis and HIV national programs were integrated to become one team working under the Ministry of Health Directorate of preventing and controlling infectious diseases. Moreover, hepatitis C care is being integrated into all HIV treatment facilities, so moving forward all persons living with HIV should be tested for hepatitis C

FINANCING Status Notes

Public budget line for HBV and HCV testing and treatment 8

Partially Adopted

National Health Insurance scheme reduces financial barriers for hepatitis services and covers treatments under the essential medicines list; however, diagnosis service costs and DAA costs are not fully covered by the government

Funds from the Global Fund for TB, AIDS, and Malaria used for co-infected patients, when relevant ²¹

Not Adopted



INDONESIA'S NEXT STEPS TOWARD ELIMINATION

- Increase public awareness on hepatitis prevention from an early age
- Improve availability of strategic data and information
- Increase availability of vaccines, drugs, and diagnostic tools through decentralization of services
- Include DAA drugs for HCV in the National Health Insurance
- Ensure access to antiviral prophylaxis for pregnant persons living with HBV
- Implement HBV vaccination for healthcare workers



ELIMINATION

NDONESIA · HEPATITIS

OVERVIEW

HEALTH BURDEN

PROGRESS

POLICY ENVIRONMENT

NEXT STEPS

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OVERVIEW HEALTH BURDEN PROGRESS POLICY ENVIRONME

WORKING TOGETHER, WE WILL ACHIEVE FLIMINATION



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